SUBURBAN NEW TOWN PROMENADES ON MENTAL RESTORATION: CASE STUDY OF MA ON SHAN PROMEN CHEUNG SUPERVISED BY DR. CH

RESEARCH SIGNIFICANCE METHODOLOGY Theoretical Significance Methodology • Providing new knowledge on relationship between mental **Primary Data Secondary Data** restoration and Suburban Questionnaire Interview Literature Review On-site Observation & Measurement New Town Promenades Academic Papers General Public **Government Documents** Visitors **Practical Significance** Insights on future planning RQ 1, 3 RQ 2, 3, 4 RQ 1, 2, 3, 4 of waterfront promenades \mathcal{P} Improve mental health **Data Analysis Methods** through planning of **Qualitative Analysis** Quantitative Analysis waterfront promenades Regression Analysis **KEYWORDS** \mathcal{O} Relationship between Ma On Shan Promenade and mental restoration **Attention Restoration Theory RESEARCH FRAMEWOR** • Being distinct from the everyday environment Suburban New Town

- Extent:
 - Scope and coherence that

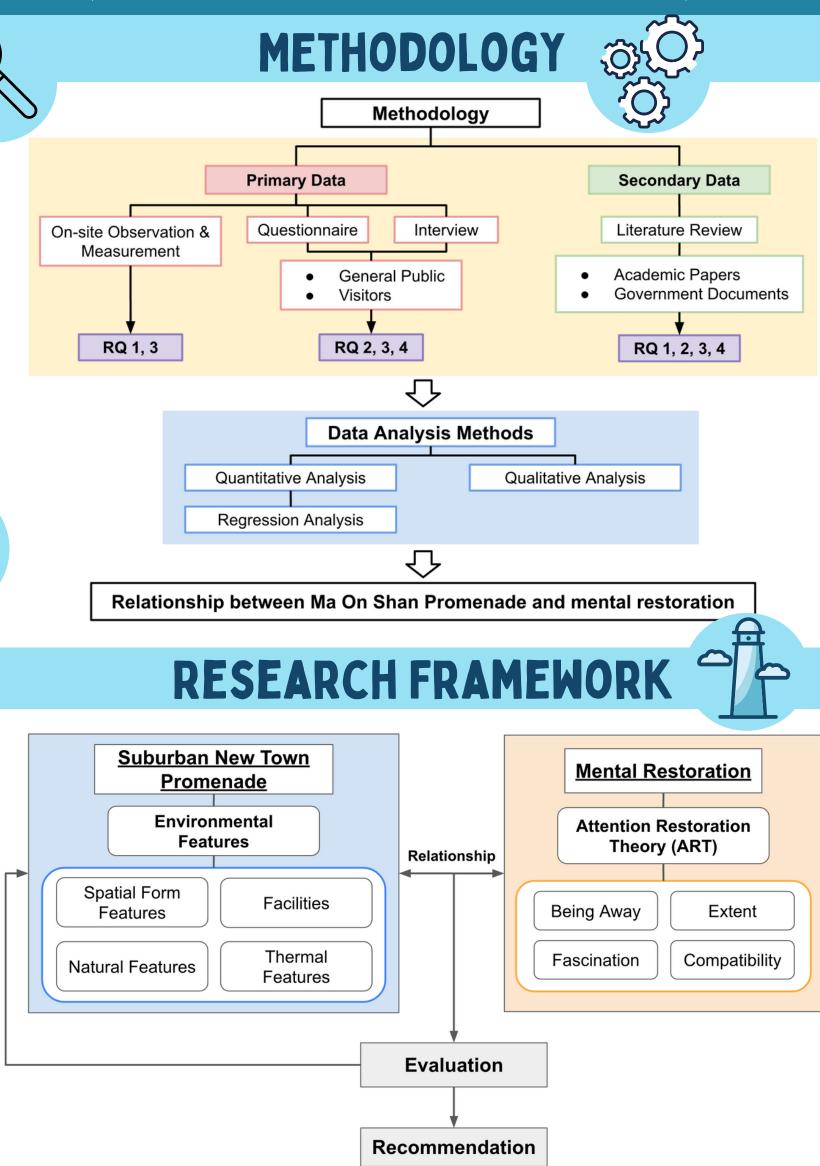
RESEARCH BACKGROUND

- Hong Kong is a coastal city with a long coastline, making planning in waterfront promenades critical
- Waterfront promenades play various roles in urban life, including social, recreational and tourism

RESEARCH OBJECTIVES

To investigate the relationship between Suburban New Town **Promenades and mental restoration** in Hong Kong

- 1. To understand the current situation of Suburban New Town Promenades
- 2. To investigate the relationship between Suburban New Town Promenades and mental restoration 3. To evaluate the impacts of different features of Suburban New Town Promenades on mental restoration 4. To give suggestions on the future planning of waterfront promenades in Hong Kong



allow one to remain engaged

Fascination:

Being away:

- Patterns that hold one's attention effortlessly
- Compatibility:
 - Fitting with and supporting what one wants to do

RESEARCH FINDINGS CCCCMENTAL RESTORATION AT ENVIRONMENTAL FEATURES OF

MA ON SHAN PROMENADE

Spatial Form Features

- Largest Suburban New Town Promenade in Hong Kong
- Spacious

Facilities

- Sufficient facilities
- Basic facilities:
 - toilets, bicycle parking areas
- Leisure facilities:
 - Pavilions, benches
- Recreational facilities
 - Jogging trail, fitness stations, children's playground etc.
- Most popular: promenade itself, benches, pavilions, jogging trail

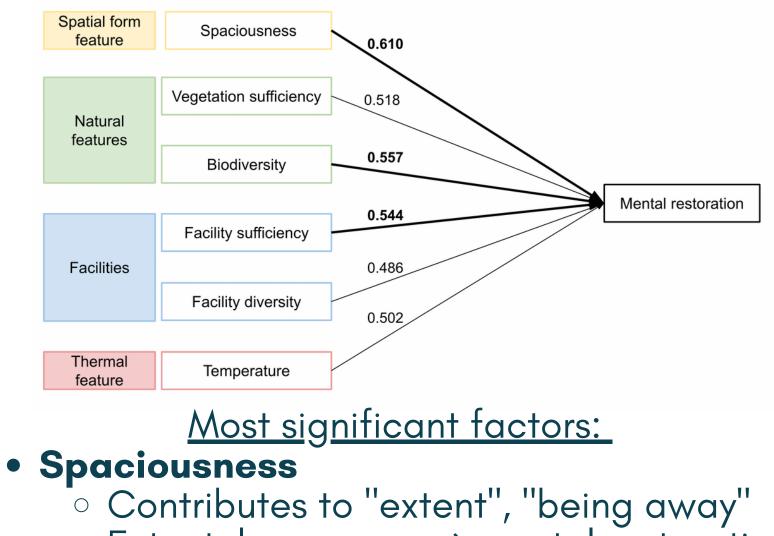
MA ON SHAN PROMENADE

- The mental restoration power of the promenade is high
- Had the best performance on "being away" and "extent"
- All interviewees thought that the promenade made them feel comfortable

ART components	Average mental restoration scores
Being away	3.921
Fascination	3.420
Extent	3.902
Compatibility	3.702
Total average: 3.7	736

FACTORS AFFECTING MENTAL RESTORATION

• All variables have positive relationship with the average mental restoration scores



Natural Features

- More vegetation in the middle section
- Low biodiversity, most of the vegetations are trees and shrubs **Thermal Features**
 - Neutral thermal perception along the promenade
 - Thermally more comfortable under tree shades than in exposed areas

- \circ Extent: large area \rightarrow mental restoration
- Being away: different from cramped environment in built areas

Sufficiency of facilities

- Contributes to "fascination"
- Fascination: allow visitors to do various interesting activities

• **Biodiversity**

- Contributes to "fascination"
- Fascination: characterized to be inherently fascinating, and provides sources of "soft fascination"



Spatial form	 Promenades should be designed with the sufficient space
Facilities	• Increase number of basic facilities and leisure facilities, such as benches along the whole promenade
	 Ensure that the trail is well-connected along the whole promenade

that the trail is well-connected along the whole promenade Natural/Thermal • More trees and flowering plant should be planted