

Public Space · Market Place

→ Public Space

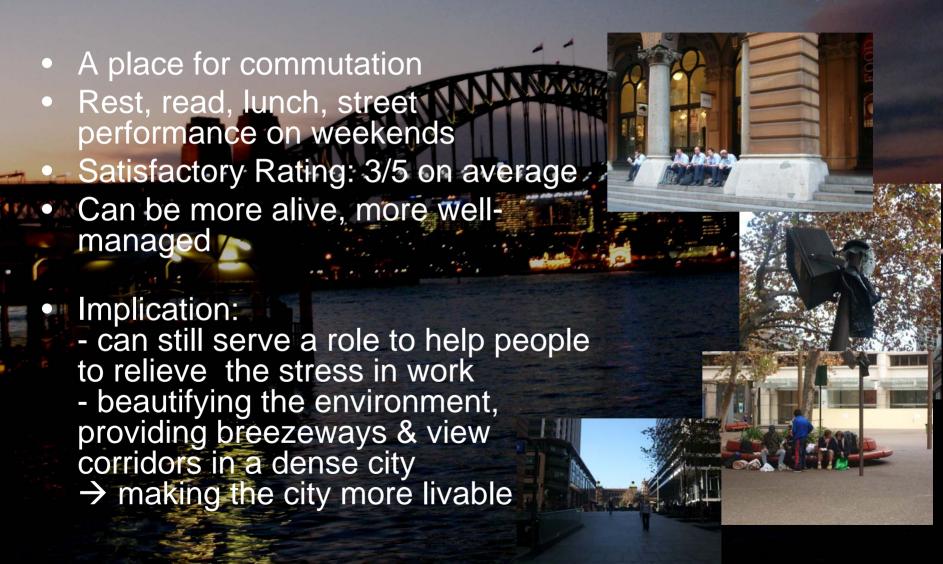
- Definition
 - a place freely accessible where people can gather, have activities and have a sense of association, and is set for public interest



- Town Hall Square & Martin Square
- characterized by focal points, open spaces & seats



Public Space · Market Place



Background of Sydney Fish Market (SFM)

History

- Before 1945: Licensed fishermen operated out of Haymarket
- 1994: Introduction of regulated, controlled and centralized market system; privatization
- 1966: Present location at Blackwattle Bay, Pyrmont

Daily operation

- Auctioning
- Merchandisers purchase seafood from the fishermen near Darling Harbour
- Seafood are sold directly to customers in SFM



SFM: Past VS Present

Past

- Wholesaling of seafood
- Social gathering for fishermen
- Communication among fishermen

Present

- More retailing of seafood
- •As a tourist spot and a place for family gathering of locals
- Ancillary services, e.g. restaurants, cafes







Features of the museums in Sydney

 Mainly distributed along Macquarie Road (the road next to Royal Botanic

GENERAL

Family (2 adults & 2 children) (1 adult & 2 children)

Australian Aged Pensioner Australian Museum Members

*Last ticket sold at 4:30pm

Gardens)and near Darling H

- Admission fee (generally):
 - Adult: AU\$10
 - Child/Concession: AU\$5
 - Family: AU\$20
- Open most of the time except Christmas
 Day
- Usually managed by Historic Houses Trust and the government

Features of the museums in Sydney

- Types of visitors:
 - various groups of student (esp. in junior form)
 - children guided by their parents
 - (even during weekdays)
 - some teenagers
 - some foreign tourists
- Types of activities offered
 - guide tour
 - meeting
 - theme exhibition (Dinosaurs in Australian Museum)

Functions of the museums in Sydney

- Education
 - for the next generation
 - for a sustainable society connecting to the past
 - for general public to find their identity
- Tourism
 - for tourists to know more about the history and changes of Sydney or Australia
- Preservation
 - to preserve the buildings and culture with historical value

Lessons for Hong Kong

- Provision of the kid space in the museums
- Marketing
 - Promotion of visiting museum to tourists
 - Considering visiting museum as family activity
- Locations of the museums
- Scale of the museum (a leading museum with global reputation)
- Encouraging volunteers to participate in museum activities
- Allowing scholars to take part in research for the exhibition in the museum (presence of libraries)



1. Art Gallery of New South Wales

- Entrance fee: FREE
- Australian and international art
- Aboriginal art is also included
- One of the country's leading galleries
- Educational value
- Supported by a foundation fund







2. Parliament of New South Wales

- Entrance fee: FREE
- The oldest parliament in the world
- Built in 1843, then conversion from a hospital
- Still now in use
- Consists of 2 democratically elected houses
- Educational value: tours, sharing by legislative counselors to students





- Guided tours
- Recently added in the World Heritage List
- Over 2,500 performances and events each year, such as ballets, opera, classical







- Rocks Square
- Historical buildings with shops, bars and restaurants
- Many aboriginal art galleries
 - A visitor information centre with detailed information provided





Implications

- High livability, culturally
- Abundant facilities for arts and cultural buildings
- Free access to the public
- Focus on the education of the next generation
- Freedom of expression and ideas
- Public cultural exchange